

ANÁLISIS DE TEXTOS OPPCF EN MATERIA DE CORRUPCIÓN										
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Verificado por										Fecha:
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TIPOLOGÍA DEL TEXTO	Libro	Artículo Revista	Capítulo	Artículo Periódico	Documento Electrónico	Informe	Ponencia	Entrevista	Otro	
					x					
Autor (es):	United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime									
Título:	Corruption in Albania: BRIBERY AS EXPERIENCED BY THE POPULATION. Encontrado el 08/10/2018 a las 06:41pm									
Año	2011	Ciudad		Editorial		Traductor		Edición		Volumen
URL, Página Web	http://www.unodc.org/documents/data-and-analysis/statistics/corruption/Albania_corruption_report_2011_web_small.pdf									
Base de datos										
ABSTRACT O RESUMEN	"Corruption is often reported in the international community to be an area of vulnerability for the countries of the western Balkans and it appears that the people of Albania would tend to agree. Results presented in this report show that Albanian citizens rank corruption as the second most important problem facing their country, after unemployment.."									
EN QUÉ CONSISTE LA IMPORTANCIA DEL TEXTO O QUÉ APOORTE HACE AL ESTADO DEL ARTE	En este documento encontramos un estudio de la corrupción en Albania, este nos muestra como mucho de los países Europeos tambien presentan un gran fenomeno de corrupcion que afecta desde las altas esferas de los Estados hasta los insidencias mas minimas en la vida cotidiana de los ciudadanos, esto refleja una realidad social que se vive a diario en los diferentes países, con la similaridad de un pueblo empobresido y vulnerado por la corrupcion									
IDEAS, CONCEPTOS, ARGUMENTOS, RAZONES O SIMILARES APORTADAS POR EL AUTOR ATRAVÉS DEL TEXTO Y QUE EXPLICAN LA IMPORTANCIA O APOORTE AL ESTADO DEL ARTE										
FUNDAMENTAL I	"Bribery not only affects the services provided to citizens by public officials. The public administration is the largest employer in Albania and its associated job security and accompanying benefits are highly coveted. Some 16 per cent of Albanian citizens, or members of their households, applied for a job in the public sector in the three years prior to the survey, but of those whose application was successful some 9 per cent admit to paying some money, giving a gift or doing a favour to help secure their position. Among those who failed, there is a widespread perception that factors such as cronyism, nepotism or bribery played a decisive role in the recruitment process, while only 15 per									
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FUNDAMENTAL II	"The upgrading of the legislative framework for the fight against corruption in Albania was manifested in the ratification of two Council of Europe conventions –the Criminal Law Convention against Corruption (2001) and the Civil Law Convention against Corruption (2000). In 2006, Albania also became party to the United Nations Convention against Corruption (UNCAC), a consequence of which is the Implementation Review Mechanism, established in 2009 to enable all parties to review their implementation of UNCAC provisions through a peer review process. One of the objectives of this mechanism is to encourage a participatory and nationally driven process towards anti-corruption reform and it is noteworthy that Albania will be reviewed in the fourth wave (2013-2014)."									
Páginas	9									
TEXTO ANEXO?										